# BEFORE THE ARIZONA STATE VETERINARY MEDICAL EXAMINING BOARD

IN THE MATTER OF:

LYLE ROBINSON, DVM

Holder of License No. 3524

For the practice of Veterinary Medicine in the State of Arizona,

Respondent.

Case No.: 20-76

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER

On September 16, 2020 and October 21, 2020, the Arizona State Veterinary Medical Examining Board conducted an Informal Interview regarding Lyle Robinson, DVM ("Respondent"). The proceedings in this matter are governed by A.R.S. § 32-2234 (A). Respondent was advised of his right to legal counsel by letter, appeared, and participated in the Informal Interview with counsel, W. Reed Campbell. The Board reviewed all documents submitted regarding this matter, took testimony from Respondent, and proceeded as is permitted by A.R.S. § 32-2234 (A).

Following the Informal Interview and the Board's discussion of the information and documents submitted, the Board determined that Respondent's conduct constituted unprofessional conduct pursuant A.R.S. § 32-2232 (12) as it relates to AAC R3-11-501 (1) for failure to provide current professional and scientific knowledge. Other violations related to medical records (A.R.S. § 32-2232(21) as it relates to A.A.C. R3-11-502(H)(2) and (H)(3)) were also determined. After considering all the information and testimony, the Board issues the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order, ("Order").

## FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. Respondent is the holder of License No. 3524 issued on August 21, 1997, and is therefore authorized to practice the profession of veterinary medicine in the State of Arizona.
- 2. On October 25, 2019, Complainants adopted the kitten from The Animal League of Green Valley (TALGV). The TALGV Adoption Agreement signed by Complainants required the kitten to be neutered after November 30, 2019 and before January 31, 2020. The Adoption Agreement also relayed that TALGV would maintain ownership of the kitten until altered.
- 3. On November 20, 2019, the kitten had returned to TALGV for a FVRCP vaccine.
- 4. On January 4, 2020, the kitten was presented to TALGV again for an FVRCP. Sue Nicholson was the staff member that provided services that day; according to the 1/14/20 medical record, Complainants were advised the cat's testicles had not dropped.
- 5. On January 14, 2020, the cat was presented to TALGV for a bilateral cryptorchid. Respondent provided services for the past 15 years for TALGV in a once a month spay/neuter clinic. Some animals have prospective adoptive parents, while others do not. The prospective adoptive parents are fostering the animals until the animals are altered. Respondent does not meet with the prospective adopters in the morning before surgery and any questions are taken by a TALGV representative, which are answered when the pet is discharged.

- 6. The cat was administered a 1 year Rabies vaccine and a microchip was implanted.
- 7. At approximately 12:00pm, the cat was anesthetized with ketamine 50mg and 1mg acepromazine IM. The cat had a weight = 5.8 pounds. Respondent stated that the cat was slightly fractious at exam however no exam findings were documented in the medical record; Respondent stated the only abnormality found was that the cat was a bilateral cryptorchid male. The cat was intubated and Respondent thought he felt testicles in the scrotal area; thus, this site was clipped and prepped. Bilateral incisions were made, the site was probed but Respondent was unable to locate either testicle. The sites were closed with 2-0 PDO.
- 8. At this point, Respondent noted the cat was in a light plane of surgical anesthesia; therefore, an additional 20mgs of ketamine was administered IM. The abdomen and inguinal areas were clipped and prepped. Respondent incised into the left inguinal area to locate the scrotal ligament and follow it down to the testicle. While exploring the left inguinal canal, the cat was administered another dose of 20mgs of ketamine IM to maintain a surgical plane of anesthesia. Respondent was unable to locate the testicular structures within the inguinal canal and closed with 2-0 gut and 2-0 PGA.
- 9. Respondent next made an incision at the umbilicus where he again searched for the scrotal ligament. At this point, the cat was administered an additional 20mgs of ketamine and 0.5mg of acepromazine. Respondent could not locate the testicular structures and closed the abdomen with 2-0 PDO and 2-0 PGA. The cat was administered Convenia 20.8mg SQ, respirations and cardiac auscultations were normal, and the cat was placed in recovery. The

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surgery lasted 55 minutes. Respondent stated that the cat's vital signs were monitored throughout the procedure and all were within normal limits during the procedure.

- 10. The cat's vitals were not recorded in the medical record during the surgical procedure.
- 11. Approximately 10 minutes into recovery, the cat stopped breathing and went into cardiac arrest. CPR was initiated with artificial respirations and chest compressions epinephrine was administered intra-cardiac after IV access was unsuccessful. There was no response and the cat passed away.

### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

- 12. The Arizona State Veterinary Medical Examining Board has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to A.R.S. § 32-2201, et seq.
- 13. The conduct and circumstances described in the Findings of Fact above, constitutes a violation of A.R.S. § 32-2232 (12) as it relates to A.A.C. R3-11-501 (1) for failure to provide current professional and scientific knowledge for the use of ketamine and acepromazine as the sole anesthetic for an abdominal surgery.
- 14. The conduct and circumstances described in the Findings of Fact above, constitutes a violation of A.R.S. § 32-2232 (21) as it relates to A.A.C. R3-11-502 (H)(2) for failure to document the cat's examination prior to surgery on January 14, 2020 in the medical record.
- 15. The conduct and circumstances described in the Findings of Fact above, constitutes a violation of A.R.S. § 32-2232 (21) as it relates to A.A.C. R3-11-502 (H)(3) for failure to record the animal's heart rate and respiration rate in the

medical record immediately after giving an animal a general anesthetic and monitored and recorded every 15 minutes while anesthesia is being administered.

#### **ORDER**

Based upon the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law it is **ORDERED** that Respondent's License, No. 3524 be placed on **PROBATION** for a period of one (1) year, subject to the following terms and conditions that shall be completed within the Probationary period. These requirements include four (4) total hours of continuing education (CE) detailed below:

- 1. IT IS ORDERED THAT Respondent shall provide written proof satisfactory to the Board that he has completed two (2) hours of continuing education (CE); hours earned in compliance with this order shall not be used for licensure renewal. Respondent shall satisfy these two (2) hours by attending CE in the area of anesthesia. Respondent shall submit written verification of attendance to the Board for approval.
- 2. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT Respondent shall provide written proof satisfactory to the Board that he has completed two (2) hours of continuing education (CE); hours earned in compliance with this order shall not be used for licensure renewal. Respondent shall satisfy these two (2) hours by attending CE in the area of medical record keeping. Respondent shall submit written verification of attendance to the Board for approval.
- 3. All continuing education to be completed for this Order shall be preapproved by the Board. Respondent shall submit to the Board a written outline regarding how he plans to satisfy the requirements in paragraphs 1 and 2 for its approval within sixty (60) days of the effective date of this Order. The outline

shall include CE course details including, name, provider, date(s), hours of CE to be earned, and a brief course summary.

- 4. Respondent shall obey all federal, state and local laws/rules governing the practice of veterinary medicine in this state.
  - 5. Respondent shall bear all costs of complying with this Order.
- 6. This Order is conclusive evidence of the matters described and may be considered by the Board in determining an appropriate sanction in the event a subsequent violation occurs. In the event Respondent violates any term of this Order, the Board may, after opportunity for Informal Interview or Formal Hearing, take any other appropriate disciplinary action authorized by law, including suspension or revocation of Respondent's license.

### REHEARING/APPEAL RIGHTS

Respondent has the right to petition for a rehearing or review of this Order. Pursuant to A.R.S. § 32-2234 (H) and § 41-1092.09 the petition must be filed with the Board within thirty-five (35) days from the date of mailing if the Order was served via certified mail. Pursuant to A.A.C. R3-11-904 (C), the petition must set forth legally sufficient reasons for granting the rehearing or review. The filing of a petition for rehearing or review is required to preserve any rights of appeal to the Superior Court that the party may wish to pursue.

This Order shall be effective and in force upon the expiration of the above time period for filing a motion for rehearing or review with the Board. However, the timely filing of a motion for rehearing or review shall stay the enforcement of the Board's Order, unless, pursuant to A.A.C. R3-11-904 (F), the Board has

Board Staff

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